

Appln. No. 09/851,387
Reply to Office Action of August 18, 2003

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature and detecting an abnormality, comprising the steps of:

- (a) specifying a first object;
- (b) specifying an energizable second object that generates heat upon an energization thereof, wherein said second object exhibits a temperature change in response to heat which is more rapid than a temperature change of the first object in response to heat, and wherein said second object is positioned in the vicinity of the first object for exchanging heat therebetween such that said second object assumes a temperature approximately equal to that of the first object in the absence of heat generation therein;
- (c) measuring the temperature of one of the first and second objects by a temperature detector;
- (d) estimating the temperature of the other of the first and second objects using a first method in which the temperature of the other of the first and second objects is estimated on the basis of the temperature measured in the step (c) and a specific value that substantially indicates the amount of the energization of the second object;
- (e) estimating the temperature of the other of the first and second objects using a second method which is different from said first method; and
- (f) detecting an abnormality of at least one of the detector, a system for the first object and a system for the second object based on the temperature estimated by the first method and the temperature estimated by the second method.

Claim 2. (Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 1, wherein, when the temperature of the first object is assumed as T1, the temperature of the second object as T2, and a temperature increment quantity of the second object that is related to the specific value substantially indicating the amount of the energization as ΔT , a relation between the temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of the energization is preliminarily set, and the estimation in the step (d) is executed according to the following equation: $T2 = T1 + \Delta T$.

Claim 3. (Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 2, wherein the second object is a power semiconductor,

wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the power semiconductor element, and wherein the step (d) includes a process of determining the temperature increment quantity ΔT in accordance with a specific value that substantially indicates the amount of energization of the power semiconductor element from the relation between the predetermined temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the semiconductor element.

Claim 4. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 2, wherein the first object is a stator iron core of an electric motor,

wherein the second object is a stator coil of the electric motor, and wherein the step (d) includes a process of determining the temperature increment quantity ΔT in accordance with a specific value substantially indicating the amount of

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energization of the electric motor from the relation between the predetermined temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 5. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 4, wherein the step (c) includes a process of determining the temperature of the stator iron core on the basis of the temperature of a coolant for cooling the stator of the electric motor and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 6. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 1, wherein the second object is a stator iron core of an electric motor, wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the stator of the electric motor, and wherein the step (d) includes a process of determining the temperature of the stator iron core on the basis of the coolant temperature and a specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 7. (Currently Amended) A method of estimating a temperature according to claim 1, wherein the second object is a power semiconductor element, wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the power semiconductor element, wherein the step (c) includes a process of measuring the temperature of the power semiconductor element with a temperature sensor installed on the power semiconductor

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element, and

wherein the step (d) includes a process of determining the temperature of the coolant from the temperature change of the power semiconductor element in a state where the power semiconductor element is not energized.

8. (Currently Amended) A temperature estimation device for estimating a temperature of one of first and the second objects from the temperature of the other object, and for detecting an abnormality, comprising:

a temperature measuring portion for measuring the temperature of one of the first and second objects by a temperature detector; and

an estimation portion for estimating the temperature of the other of the first and second objects using a first method in which the temperature of the other of the first and second objects is estimated on the basis of the temperature measured by the temperature determination portion and a specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the second object, for estimating the temperature of the other of the first and second objects using a second method which is different from said first method, and for detecting an abnormality of at least one of the detector, a system for the first object and a system for the second object based on the temperature estimated by the first method and the temperature estimated by the second method,

wherein the second object is an energizable object that generates heat upon an energization thereof, wherein said second object exhibits a temperature change in response to heat which is more rapid than a temperature change of the first object in response to heat, and

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wherein said second object is positioned in the vicinity of the first object for exchanging heat therebetween such that said second object assumes a temperature approximately equal to that of the first object in the absence of heat generation therein.

Claim 9. (Currently Amended) A ~~temperature estimation~~ device according to claim 8, wherein, when the temperature of the first object is assumed as T1, the temperature of the second object as T2, and a temperature increment quantity of the second object that is related to the specific value substantially indicating the amount of the energization as ΔT , a relation between the temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of the energization is preliminarily set, and the estimation by the estimation portion is executed according to the following equation: $T2 = T1 + \Delta T$.

Claim 10. (Currently Amended) A ~~temperature estimation~~ device according to claim 9, wherein the second object is a power semiconductor, wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the power semiconductor element, and wherein the estimation portion determines the temperature increment quantity ΔT in accordance with a specific value that substantially indicates the amount of energization of the power semiconductor element from the relation between the predetermined temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the semiconductor element.

Claim 11. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A ~~temperature estimation~~ device

according to claim 9, wherein the first object is a stator iron core of an electric motor,

wherein the second object is a stator coil of the electric motor, and

wherein the estimation portion determines the temperature increment quantity ΔT in accordance with a specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor from the relation between the predetermined temperature increment quantity ΔT and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 12. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A temperature estimation device according to claim 11, wherein the temperature determination portion determines the temperature of the stator iron core on the basis of the temperature of a coolant for cooling the stator of the electric motor and the specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 13. (Withdrawn/Currently Amended) A temperature estimation device according to claim 8, wherein the second object is a stator iron core of an electric motor, wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the stator of the electric motor, and wherein the estimation portion determines the temperature of the stator iron core on the basis of the coolant temperature and a specific value substantially indicating the amount of energization of the electric motor.

Claim 14. (Currently Amended) A temperature estimation device according to claim

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8, wherein the second object is a power semiconductor element,

wherein the first object is a coolant for cooling the power semiconductor element,

wherein the temperature determination portion measures the temperature of the power semiconductor element with a temperature sensor installed on the power semiconductor element, and

wherein the estimation portion determines the temperature of the coolant from the temperature change of the power semiconductor element in a state where the power semiconductor element is not energized.